

# Grades 9 to 12

## Fundamentals of Economics

- A** Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of traditional, command, and market economies. 6.1.9-12.A

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- B** Analyze the impact of traditional, command, and market economies on the United States economy. 6.1.9-12.B

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- C** Analyze actions taken as a result of scarcity in decision-making. 6.1.9-12.C

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- D** Analyze how choices made by individuals, firms, or government officials are constrained by available resources. 6.1.9-12.D

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- E** Evaluate the allocation of resources used to produce goods and services. 6.1.9-12.E

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- F** Evaluate regional, national, or international economic decisions using marginal analysis. 6.1.9-12.F

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- G** Analyze the opportunity cost of decisions by individuals, businesses, communities, and nations. 6.1.9-12.G

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- H** Evaluate in terms of marginal analysis how incentives influence decisions of consumers, producers, and policymakers. 6.1.9-12.H

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- I** Analyze the relationship between specialization and the standard of living. 6.1.9-12.I

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- J** Analyze the relationships between trade, competition, and productivity. 6.1.9-12.J

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- K** Evaluate how a country might benefit by lowering or removing trade barriers. 6.1.9-12.K

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- L** Analyze how consumers and producers participate in the global production and consumption of goods or services. 6.1.9-12.L

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- M** Explain that individuals and nations have a comparative advantage in the production of goods or services if they can produce a product at a lower opportunity cost than other individuals or nations. 6.1.9-12.M

## Microeconomics

- A** Analyze the circular flow of products, resources, and money in a mixed economy. 6.2.9-12.A

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- B** Define noncompetitive markets and explain how consumers and producers operate in those markets. 6.2.9-12.B
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- C** Evaluate the economic roles of governments in promoting free markets (e.g., price controls antitrust actions). 6.2.9-12.C
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- D** Predict how changes in supply and demand affect equilibrium price and quantity sold. 6.2.9-12.D
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- E** Explain how the location of resources, transportation, and technology have affected international economic patterns. 6.2.9-12.E
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- F** Analyze the factors influencing wages, including demand for goods and services produced, productivity of labor, labor unions, and education and skills. 6.2.9-12.F
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- G** Evaluate how changes in education, incentives, technology, and capital investment alter productivity. 6.2.9-12.G
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- H** Analyze the costs and benefits of organizing a business as a sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation. 6.2.9-12.H
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- I** Analyze the role of profits and losses in the allocation of resources in a market economy. 6.2.9-12.I
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- J** Evaluate the impact of entrepreneurs on the economy. 6.2.9-12.J
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## Macroeconomics

- A** Evaluate the relationship between economic growth and changes in macroeconomic indicators such as the Consumer Price Index (CPI), gross domestic product (GDP), and unemployment rate. 6.3.9-12.A
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- B** Compare current and historical examples of expansion, recession, and depression. 6.3.9-12.B
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- C** Identify fiscal and monetary policies that address inflation, unemployment, or economic growth., AND THE NATIONAL DEBT AND DEFICIT. 6.3.9-12.C
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- D** Explain how deficit spending by the federal government increases the national debt and the impact it has on the economy. 6.3.9-12.D
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- E** Evaluate the impact of different tax structures (progressive, proportional, and regressive) and different tax bases (income, wealth, property, etc.) on households and firms. 6.3.9-12.E
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- F** Analyze the social, political, and economic consequences of changes in tax policy. 6.3.9-12.F
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- G** Evaluate the economic roles of governments in a globalized economy (e.g., trade policy, income inequality, distribution of wealth). 6.3.9-12.G

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**H Evaluate policies governments can use to address unintended consequences (i.e., externalities) of market activities.** 6.3.9-12.H

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**I Evaluate government decisions in prioritizing public goods and services.** 6.3.9-12.I

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**Money and Economic Institutions**

**A Explain how the Federal Reserve defines money.** 6.4.9-12.A

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**B Explain how changes in exchange rates affect the relative prices of foreign goods and services.** 6.4.9-12.B

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**C Explain how changes in the money supply and monetary policy affect interest rates throughout the economy.** 6.4.9-12.C

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**D Evaluate the role of banks in promoting economic growth in the economy.** 6.4.9-12.D

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**E Analyze Federal Reserve policies designed to raise or lower interest rates.** 6.4.9-12.E

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**F Evaluate the role of nongovernmental economic institutions (e.g., labor unions, non-profits, financial markets).** 6.4.9-12.F

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**G Evaluate benefits and costs of changes in interest rates for individuals and society.** 6.4.9-12.G

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